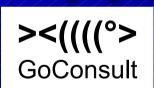
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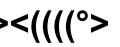
Relative Importance of Ship Hull Fouling as Alien Species Introduction Vector into Europe

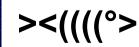


Stephan Gollasch

GoConsult, Hamburg, Germany









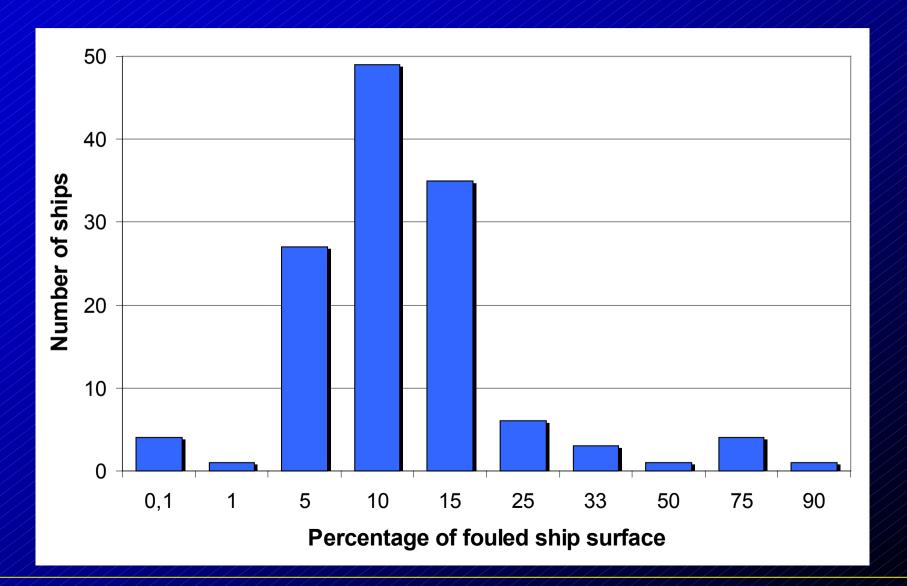
Content



- Results of German shipping study
- Sessile vs. mobile fauna
- Number of invaders in Europe
- Relative vector importance worldwide
- Hull fouling on cleaned ships
- Summary



Dimension of Hull Fouling



Overall Results



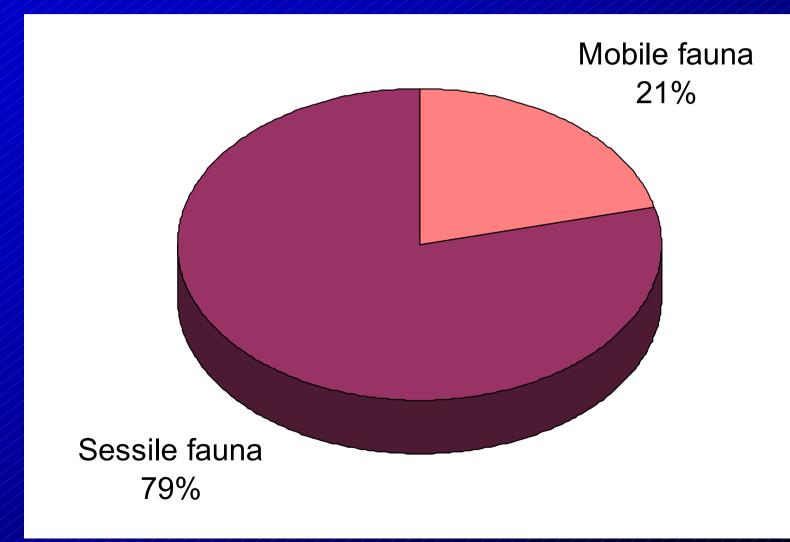
All ships sampled carried living organisms

| Sample | Number of samples | All species | Non-native species | Maximum species richness | Samples with non- native species [%] |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Ballast water | 132 | 98 | 37 | 12 | 38 |
| Tank sediment | 71 | 110 | 50 | 25 | 57 |
| Hull fouling | 131 | 110 | 83 | 15 | 98 |

- Highest number of aliens in hull fouling samples
- 98 % of the hull fouling samples contained at least one non-native species
- Max. 107 barnacles + 64 mussels per 100 cm²
- Max. 12.2 kg wet weight per m²

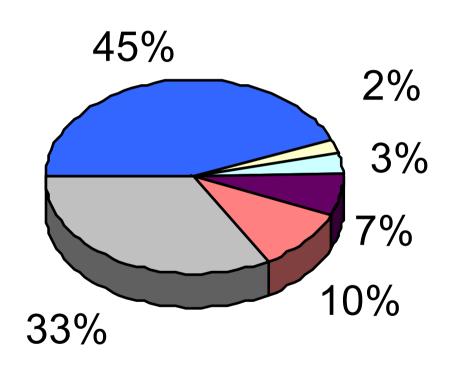
Sessile vs. Mobile Fauna in Hull Fouling Samples





Sessile Fauna

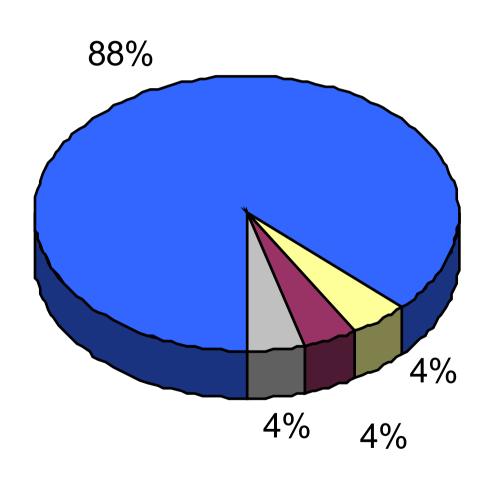




- Polychaeta
- Anthozoa
- Hydrozoa
- Bryozoa
- Mollusca
- Crustacea

Mobile Fauna

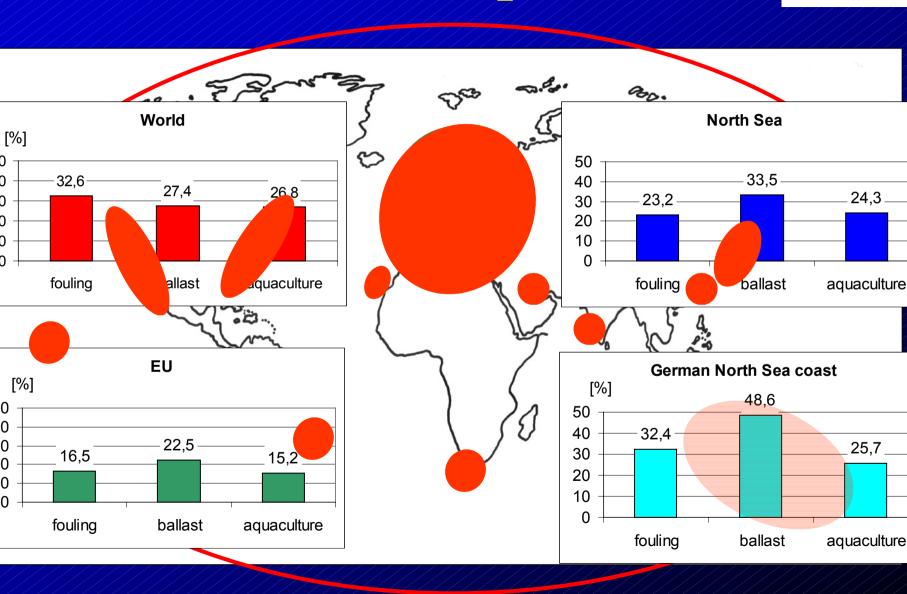




- Nematoda
- Turbellaria
- Mollusca
- Crustacea

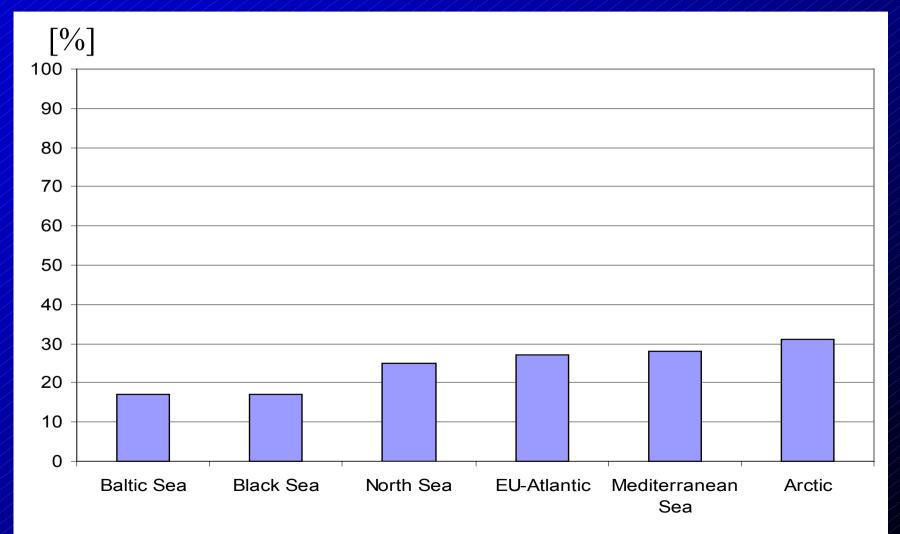
Relative Vector Importance

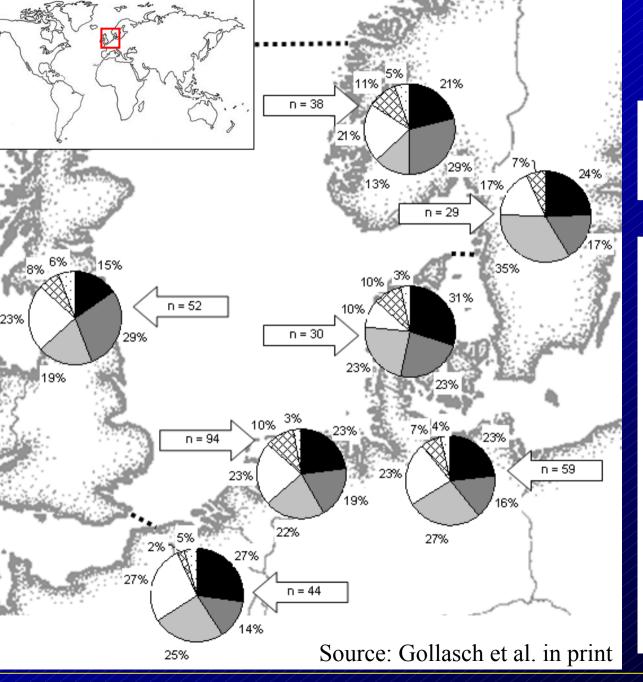




Relative Importance of Hull Fouling Invaders







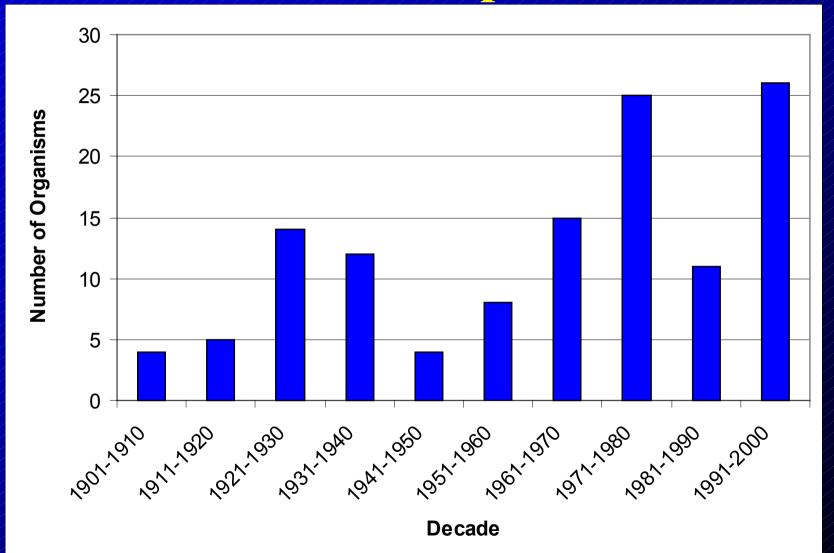


Alien Species in the North Sea

- black = hull fouling
- dark grey = aquaculture, stocking
- light grey =ballast water
- white = unclear
- square shaded = unknown
- dot shaded = other vectors

Fouling Invaders per Decade in Europe

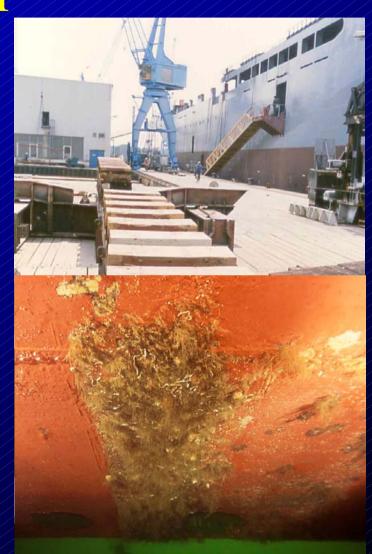




Hull Fouling on "Cleaned" Ships

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- Even on cleaned and antifouling painted ships hull fouling occurs at docking support strips
- No access during cleaning and painting in dock
- Up to 40 strips are in use
- Each strip measures up tp 40 x 150 cm
- 40 strips cover 240 m²



Cryptostylochus hullensis sp. nov.

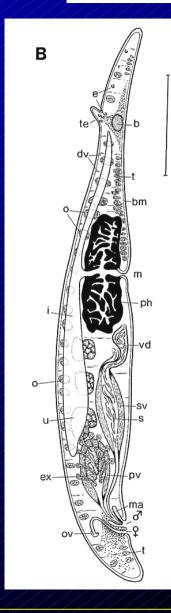
This turbellar (Polycladida) was found on car carrier *FAUST* sampled in Bremerhaven, Germany

Leading taxonomist identified it as new species!

Named after ships' hull

Native range unclear, vessel operated (exclusively) on route from the North American eastcoast to Europe





Summary

Sessile species dominate the hull fouling of ships

Amphipoda and Decapoda dominate mobile species

98 % of the hull samples contained at least one non-native species

49 % of all non-native species found sampled from hulls

One species new to science was found

Even cleaned ships show hull fouling at docking support strips





Acknowledgments



The 14th International Congress on Marine Corrosion and Fouling



Invasive

Species

Europe

Inventories for

- German EPA for funding during ship fouling study
- More than 100 taxonomists for species identification



and shipping companies

 Special thanks are expressed to GloBallast, DAISIE and ICES/IOC/IMO WGBOSV







Thank you very much for your attention!



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